

Let us concentrate on the systems of conservation laws ( $U \in \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $m > 1$ ,  $F: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ ):

$$U_t + F(U)_x = 0. \quad (1)$$

1. For a fixed state  $U_l \in \mathbb{R}^m$  define a shock curve (shock set or Hugoniot locus) the set of all  $U$ , such that the Rankine-Hugoniot condition is valid:

$$S(U_l) = \{U \in \mathbb{R}^m : \exists \sigma = \sigma(U_l, U) \in \mathbb{R} \text{ such that } F(U) - F(U_l) = \sigma \cdot (U - U_l)\}$$

As we have proven the set  $S(U_l)$  consists of the union of  $m$  smooth curves  $S_k(U_l)$ ,  $k = 1, \dots, m$ .

Prove that as  $U \rightarrow U_l$  and  $U \in S_k(U_l)$ , we have:

$$\sigma(U_l, U) = \frac{\lambda_k(U) + \lambda_k(U_l)}{2} + O(|U - U_l|^2).$$

Here  $\lambda_k(U)$  are the eigenvalues of the Jacobian matrix  $DF(U)$ .

*Hint:* differentiate two times the Rankine-Hugoniot condition at point  $U_l$ . Do the same for the expression for the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $DF$ :

$$DF(U)r_k(U) = \lambda_k(U)r_k(U).$$

Combine these two equalities.

2. Let  $w = (v, u)$  and let  $\varphi(w)$  be a smooth scalar function. Consider the system of conservation laws

$$w_t + (\varphi(w)w)_x = 0. \quad (2)$$

- (a) Find the characteristic speeds  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$  and the associated eigenvectors  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  for this system.  
 (b) Let  $\varphi(w) = |w|^2/2$ . Then find the solution of the Riemann problem:

$$U(x, 0) = \begin{cases} U_l, & x < 0, \\ U_r, & x > 0. \end{cases} \quad (3)$$